

What We Face ? Epilepsy Third most common neurologic disorder First seizure incidence: 20-70 / 100,000 Epilepsy incidence: 30-50 / 100, 000 Prevalence: 5-10 / 1000 Reported higher in some developing countries

Neurological disease in neurological clinic

Songkhla hospital (one year review)

Disease	ปี 57	ปี 58	ปี 59	ปี 60(ถึง มิ.ย.60)
1. Dementia	97	87	88	106
2. Alzheimer disease	10	17	17	29
3. Ischemic stroke	1,253	1,488	1,351	1,137
4. epilepsy	362	390	408	427
5. Parkinson	241	233	205	231
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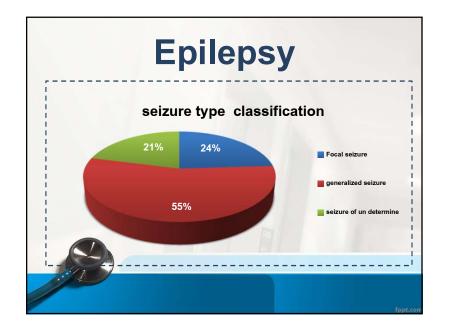
What We Face ?

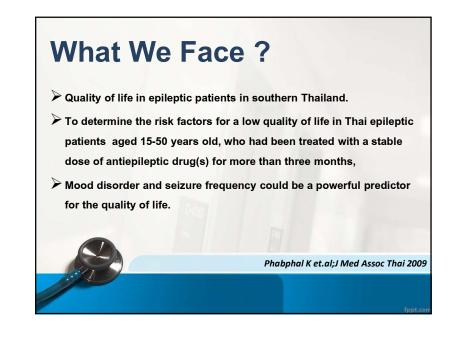
- One year review at Songkhla Hospital
- October 2016- June 2017
- Total neuro-clinic patients : 1890
- More than 400 epilepsy patients from 7 Amphoe of Songkhla province
- Second most common neurological disorder in Songkhla

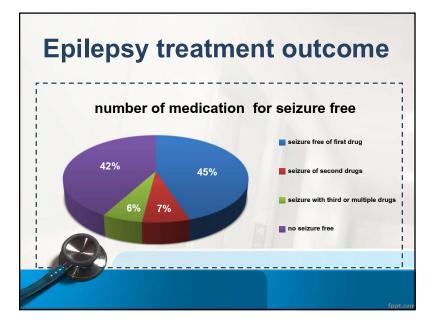
hospital neuro-clinic













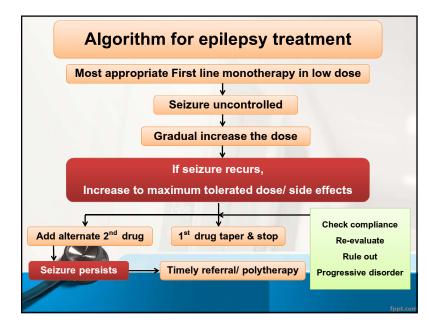
Seizure Control is the most important goal of our epilepsy treatment in community



Treating Epilepsy : We have learned

Treatment is essential :

- Must ensure access to all appropriate treatment options to help control seizures and improve quality of life.
- Main treatment for epilepsy for optimum seizure control, may be prescribed alone or in combination
- About 30% of people with epilepsy do not achieve seizure-freedom with medication
- Refer for other epilepsy treatment (VNS, epilepsy surgery)



What Can We Do?

 Secure equitable access to effective seizure control.
 30% of people with epilepsy still experience uncontrolled seizures and timely access to all treatment options ensures people with epilepsy have the best opportunity to become seizure-free, epilepsy surgery?
 Setup epilepsy clinic

Setup epilepsy clinic : What We Need ? Hospital policy Neurologist /epileptologist EEG /EEG interpretation : consultation from epileptologist High performance MRI Epilepsy nurse One stop service clinic

Gap Between the Burden of Epilepsy

and Resources

- 1. Delay of investigation (EEG/MRI)
- 2. Quality of investigation (0.3 T MRI) !!!!
- 3. Limitation of AED therapy for UC patients
- 4. Compliance /socioeconomic status
- 5. Culture : traditional believe, religion, foreign workers
- 6. Refer back system : knowledge and medication



